DISSOLUTION PROCEEDINGS FOR S. F. MYERS & CO.

RESULT OF THE PREE-SILVER AGITATION AND THE CONSEQUENT REFUSAL OF THE BANKS

TO GRANT ACCOMMODATIONS. S. F. Myers & Co., wholesale dealers in jewelry, diamonds, etc., at Nos. 48 and 50 Maiden Lane, suspended yesterday, and Louis Clarke, jr., was appointed receiver for the firm by Justice Stover of the Supreme Court, on the application of Einstein & Townsend, in proceedings for a dissolution of the firm brought by Samuel Myers against the other partners, Marcus A. Myers and Simon Blumauer. The bond was fixed at \$200,000. It was announced that the

liabilities were \$517,000, and the nominal assets

Their embarrassment is attributed to the freesilver agitation, which killed the firm's trade and caused the banks to shut down on accommodations. The receivership was precipitated by the demand for payment of \$70,409 by the New-York Life Insurance and Trust Company for customers' paper, indorsed by the firm. An attachment was obtained for this amount, and Deputy Sheriff Mulvaney closed up the store on it. There is a question as to whether the receiver or the attaching creditor is in first, and the matter hinges on a difference of two and a half minutes. Einstein & Townsend assert that the receiver was in first, as he was appointed achment, and that the order appointing the recas also filed ahead of the attachment.

upon the inventory of January 1 last, which, it between September 8 and November 27. A lispendens was also filed on the real estate belonging to the firm at Nos. 48 and 50 Maiden Lane. In the application for the receivership, Mr. Myers averred that while the assets were nominally \$819,000, it was impossible to state the value. The assets consist of a stock of watches, jewelry, clocks, silverware, watch materials, diamonds, optical goods, musical merchandise, bicycles, bicycle sundries, trademarks. fixtures, electro-plates, wood cuts, printing plant, outstanding accounts and bills receivable

By the terms of the partnership S. F. Myers was to receive one-half of the profits and the other two partners one-fourth each, and in the case of dissolution an inventory was to be made on a basis by which the stock was to be taken at cash or market value, and the accounts were to be divided into three classes-good, at face value, less interest and discounts; doubtful, at 50 per

assets, independent of his contingent habilities as inderser, are more than sufficient to pay his di-rect liabilities, but until an inventory is taken it is impossible to say whether the excess will be sufficient to pay all the liabilities in full. It is esti-mated that the assets are about \$500,000. M: Casperfeld's two large stores in this city and on casperfield stwo large soles in the stocked with merchantable assets, consisting of jewelry, precious stones, watches, etc. His direct liabilities are not yet ascertained accurately. He hopes to make a satisfactory arrangement with creditors and with holders of the Myers paper, which represents a double liability.

resents a double hability.

Charles I. Lightstone, of No. 50 Maiden Lane, yesterday confessed judgment for \$10.328 in favor of Louis Adler, his uncle, for money lent. He has his office with S. F. Myers & Co., being a brother-in-law of S. F. Myers, and it is supposed in the trade that he is mixed up on their paper.

CLOSED FOR LACK OF ORDERS.

St. Louis, Aug. 13.-The American Steel Foundry Company's plant at Granite City closed to-day on account of lack of orders. About four hundred workmen are thrown out of employment. The foundry is not expected to be in operation again until after November 1.

BANIGAN ATTACHMENTS RAISED.

Providence, Aug. 13.-Through an arrangement effected this morning between the treasurer of the Woonsocket Rubber Company and James Tilling-hast, attorney for Joseph Hanigan, the funds of the rubber company and those of Mr. Hanigan in the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company have been released from the attachments placed on them last Saturday. The rest of the attachments still stand. Joseph Hanigan is at Narragansett Pier, and Presi-dent Colt, of the United States Rubber Company, is also out of town, but at their offices it was said that no steps had been taken toward settlement.

A CALIFORNIA BANK CLOSES.

San Diego, Cal., Aug. 13.-The Bank of National City falled to open yesterday. The amount due dopositors is \$5,830, and the other liabilities are \$5,000. The bank people say that their assets are sufficient to meet all claims.

BUSINESS EMBARRASSMENTS

Boston, Aug. 13.-The leading creditors of W. H. Treworgy, wholesale lumber dealer, who assigned on Monday, met yesterday. The debtors' statement was not complete, but it showed \$186,000 direct and \$181,000 contingent liabilities, and assets of about \$175,000. A committee was appointed to confer with the assignees and report in one week what is for

the best interests of the creditors. W. D. Eaton & Co., the insolvent wool merchants of this city, have filed a schedule showing \$180.981 direct liabilities, mostly to banks, and \$16,175 indidirect liabilities, mostly to hanks, and \$16,115 mat-rect liabilities, and assets, chiefly in wool, of \$160,151. Indianapolis. Aug. 13.—Special Judge Hammond of the Circuit Court yesterday appointed P. C. Trusier receiver of the Union National Building and Loan Association. The association was one of the largest in the State, having assets of over

MARRIED ON HER SICKBED.

WOULD NOT CONSENT TO A POSTPONEMENT. Dr. William S. Gottheil, of No. 37 West Fiftleth st., a son of the Rev. Gustav Gottheil, rabbi of the Temple Emanu-Ef, on Tuesday last married Miss Viola Spindler-Shepperd, of No. 157 West Seventysecond-st. The ceremony was performed at the was ill in bed at the time, having just been rendergone an operation for appendicitis. Shepperd was just recovering from the effects of

ouse of the bridegroom by his father. The bride moved from a private sanitarium, where she had couple had been engaged for some years, and the dding was set for August 11. At this time Miss the operation, and although her condition was mewhat serious she insisted, despite the objec-

somewhat serious she insisted, despite the objection of her relatives and friends, that the ceremony should take place on the date originally appointed. Accordingly on Tuesday Mass Shepperd was removed in a carriage from the sanitarium to her future home. When the house was reached she had to be carried to her bed-chamber, where the service was read.

To a Tribune reporter, who saw him at his home yesterday, Dr. Gotthell said his wife was much better and was went on the road to complete recovery. He said he had been induced to comply with his wife's request to have the matriage take place on the appointed day necause he realized that to have thwarted her wishes in the weak condition that she was in might have been attended with serious consequences. He added that he was so far satisfied with the progress which his newly made wife was making that he hoped next week to take her to a quiet resort on the New-Jersey coast.

PETER MORRIS SUED FOR DIVORCE.

THE FACT DISCLOSED BY HIS WIFE'S HASTY CHANGE OF DWELLING.

suit h : been begun in the Supreme Court band, Feter Morris. An actress, whose identity is concealed, is the corespondent. No plea is made for allmony or counsel fees. Mr. and Mrs. Morris both reported to be wealthy. They have bee married twelve years, and have three children. Mr. Morris, who is a well-known sportsman and an expert wing-shot, is now in Europe. He will defend He inherited a fortune, which he is vested in real estate in the upper part of this city Mrs. Morris inherited a share of the old Archibald Watt estate, which originally extended from Onhundred-and thirty-fifth-st. to Macomb's Dam and m Sixth to Eighth aves.

Mrs. Morris recently hired a cottage at Wood-mont. Conn., Willard H. Raymond, a livery-stable keeper at Bridgeport, acted as her agent. She moved into the cottage on August 1, but, becoming dissatisfied with it, moved out again at 2 a. m. J is said, and went to Mr. Raymond's house. She was suffering from a broken ankle, and is alleged to have been carried into the house by several men to have been carried into the house by several men. This aroused the suspicions of some neighbors, who reported the affair to the police, and while it was being inquired into the fact of the divorce suit was disclosed. Mr. Raymond said that there was no wrong or mystery in the matter. As his wife was absent, he told Mrs. Morris that she could move into his house until she secured another. She was accompanied by her physician and two women. One of the latter was her companion and the other a trained nurse.

One of the latter was her companion and the other a trained nurse.

Mrs. Morris remained at Mr. Raymond's house for several days, and as the house was too small to accommodate her companion, nurse and children they went to live at a neighboring hotel, but visited Mrs. Morris daily and passed their evenings with her. Mrs. Morris and her household are now living at Fairfield, four miles from Bridgeport.

Norman T. L. Melliss, of No. 16 Exchange Place, is counsel for Mrs. Morris, and Howe & Hummel for Mr. Morris. Counsel on both sides were seen by a Tribune reporter yesterday, but they declined to give any information for publication.

be divided into three classes—good, at face value, less interest and discounts; doubtful, at 50 per cent of face value, and bad, as of no value. Fixtures and electro-plates were to entry value. The perfect of face value, and bad, as of no value. Fixtures and electro-plates were to entry value. The perfect of face value, and bad, as of no value. Fixtures and electro-plates were to entry value. The perfect of face value, and so a receiver was called in. Some of the firm's liabilities have fallen due, and have followed the firm's liabilities have fallen due, and have followed the firm's liabilities have fallen due, and have followed the firm's liabilities have fallen due, and have followed them. Beades their feed-tyle usiness, the firm sold bicycles, and were largely interested to 35 histories have fallen due, and have followed them. Beades their feed-tyle usiness, the firm sold bicycles, and were largely interested to 35 histories have followed to be been sold that the submisses was started in 1880, and that on January 5, 1885, the firm claimed a net worth of \$565,466, while the liabilities were less than \$560.000. Einstein & Townsend, their aitorneys, said yesterday that failure was due to bud times inability that failure was due to bud times inability to the failure accommodations of eventual to the solutions of the solutions o

RECENT SALES OF HARLEM PROPERTY

Edward C. Sheehy, formerly a Commissioner of the Department of Charities and Correction, said yesterday that he thought he had got a fair price for Nos. 31 and 33 West One-hundred-andtwenty-fourth-st., which he recently sold at the same time that Richard Croker sold Nos. 34. 36 and 38 West One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st. Mr. Sheehy says he got \$36,000. The abutting property in One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st, is

"The trouble is," said Mr. Sheehy," that property in One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st. and aderty in One-hundrea-and-twenty-fith-st, and adjacent to it has had a fictitious value for years. A systematic attempt was made to boom property along One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st. Values are now getting back there to their normal condition. Mr. Croker wanted to sell his property there two years ago. We sold out together to Henry M. Denton. I think, judging from the total price paid, that Mr. Denton will make a good thing out of it."

STILL AFTER THE GOULD ESTATE.

An indication that the woman who calls herself Sarah Brown Gould Angell, and alleges that she was the wife of the late Jay Gould, is determined to press her suit for a dower interest in the property left by the millionaire was the attempt to file a warrantee deed in the Register's office in this city yesterday. By the deed the woman conveys to Amasa J. Parker, jr., of Albany, and Margaret E. Cody, of Denver, Col., all her alleged title in the dower right in the property left by Jay in the dower right in the property left by Jay Gould. The consideration named is \$1. The deed was executed on July 1, and the witnesses were John Angell and James P. Stearns, but the neglect to have attached to the paper a county clerk's certificate makes the deed irregular, and it will have to be sent back for correction before it can be filed in the Register's office in this city. The deed was sent to the Register by H. M. Orahood, a Denver lawyer.

SUICIDE IN A TRUCK.

An unknown man, about thirty-five years old, was found dead in a truck yesterday morning 'n front of No. 210 Eleventh-ave. He is believed to have committed suicide, because there was an empty vial under him which had contained car-bolic acid. The poison had been purchased from a Seventh-ave druggist.

FATAL FALL FROM A WINDOW.

Lemuel McKeuren, fifty-eight years old, a ship aulker, who lived at No. 171 West Sixty-fourth-st. attended the Bryan meeting in Madison Square

THE DELAWARE SINGLE-TAX MEN'S CASE. Wilmington, Del., Aug. 13.-Argument was begun before Judge Wales in the United States Court this morning on the application of the single-tax prisonof the largest in the State, having assets of the largest from the State, having assets of the largest from the Bover jail. The Court and N. Y., Aug. 12.—The plant of the H. M. Cortland, N. Y., Aug. 12.—The plant of the H. M. Cortland, N. Y., Aug. 12.—The plant of the L. M. Cortland, was closed by the Sheriff to-day on six executions was closed by the Sheriff to-day on six executions aggregating \$31,442 in favor of the National Bank and the First National Bank, both of Cortland, and the First National Bank, both of Cortland, The company's assets largely exceed its liabilities. The company assets largely exceed its liabilities. The company assets largely exceed its liabilities. The company to the Constitution of the United States. Attorney Balston held that the ordinance of the Wason Company had failed. The company has not failure gave rise to a false rumor that the Cortland Wason Company had failed. The company has not failure gave rise to a false rumor that the Cortland Wason Company had failed. The company has not failure gave rise to a false rumor that the Cortland Wason Company had failed. The company has not contended that the only question to be determined was whether the commitment of the prisoners was or was not contrary to the Constitution of the United States. Attorney Balston held that the company was not contended that the convertions of the Dover Town charter. He also contended that the convertions of the Dover Law provisions of the Constitution of the United States.

AT THE BIBLE CONFERENCE.

DR. GOTTHEIL WEDS MISS SHEPPERD, WHO MR. MOODY'S SUMMER GUESTS IN DEAD

> EFFORTS THAT HAVE BEEN MADE TO ENFORCE ONE LESSON-THE POWER OF THE HOLY

> > [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

East Northfield, Mass., Aug. 13.—"This is my fourth summer in Northfield, and at last I have received what I have been coming for. I am ready to go home now." The speaker was a Presbyterian clergyman, formerly a New-York City pastor, though no longer there. What he had secured at this conference that he had failed to get at those held in former years he did not say, but it is not difficult to imagine. For two weeks, with a faithfulness born of unflinching devotion to a principle which is considered of the utmost importance in life, and with a plainness of speech that fears no criticism and takes nothing for granted, the speakers at the present conference have held the large audiences in the main to this one theme-the indwelling of the Holy Spirit.

Mr. Moody fears that this great conference, larger than any of the thirty or more that have been held here in the last fifteen years and extending over a longer period than any of its predecessors, may end in the people going back to their churches in city and country rejoicing in the good time that they have had, and yet carrying no more power for service with them than they have gained in former years. Yet it must be said that the people here are in dead earnest. Nearly a thousand persons gather at the morning prayer meetng, held before breakfast. A sense of expectancy fills the Auditorium. Bibles and notebooks lie on the laps of at least half of the 1,500 or more people rathered to hear the searching discourses by the English preachers, Dr. Meyer and Mr. Selwyn, one Baptist minister filling one of the leading Congregational pulpits of Great Britain, and the other a Church of England clergyman whose ecclesiastial affiliations would never be surmised by sermon

MR. MOODY'S DEEP CONCERN.

Mr. Moody preaches only occasionally, but he prays at nearly every service. He bears upon his great heart the burden of this conference as he has apparently borne that of no other. What can be done, he asks, to rouse Christians to a sense of their responsibility to God for the 40,000,000 nonchurchgoers in this country? The spiritual destitution in the country alarms him.

The chasm between the churches and the working people in the cities appalls him. He is not a pessimist, nor is he blind. He has his hand on the eligious pulse of the country as few men have. He sees, he says, a church maintained for the beneat of the few, and its members indifferent regarding the fate of the many. He sees church cor porations and Christian people owning tenementnouses in the cities in which he would be ashamed to place his cattle. In his vigorcus English he said to a group of friends: "My hogs have better accommodations than some of the people do in New-York, and the Church of Christ stands idly by, apparently willing that such conditions should Do you wonder that the workingman turns his back on the church?"

Publicly and privately, Mr. Moody has only emedy. The ministers must be filled with the Holy Spirit. When their own hearts are aflame they will go back to their churches and preach such sermons and live such lives that their churches will also be set on fire. When church members feel the power of Christ in them they will be as anxious for the salvation of their fellow-men is they are for their own salvation, and they will not rest satisfied to let their brethren exist in miserable, dark, unsanitary houses while they dwell in their beautiful homes, nor will they be content to worship God in their finely appointed churches until they have given the Gospel to those who today are the non-churchgoers.

He believes that habitable tenement-houses, proper church facilities and a sufficient number of missionaries and church workers to carry the Gospel to every home in this country would follow the baptism of the Church of Christ with the spirit of Christ. But, first of all, the preachers must be reached. "Like priest, like people," here as in everything, he says. Fill the ministry of America with the spirit of the men who have accepted (the teaching of the deeper spiritual life, and the American pulpit will be a power in this country such as it has not been for forty years.

THE KESWICK TEACHING.

He has before him the example of the men in Britain whose lives and preaching have been believer. For example, self-denial, Matthew, xvi, 24 Meyer this morning explained again what that teaching is. He was answering objections which people make to accepting this doctrine. In a word, it is to get the pivot of one's life changed so that it shall rest upon Christ and not upon self. He does not ask men in this teaching to accept purity, but the pure Christ; not humility, but the humble Christ; not sanctification, but the holy Christ; not it whatever that might be, but He-

Holy Spirit regenerates the unbeliever and reveals Christ to him, so the spirit of God, working in the heart of the believer, may bring about a distinct experience, producing purity within and power without. This latter change he terms the anointing for service, or the infilling of the spirit, or the endowment of the Holy Ghost.

NINE STUMBLING BLOCKS.

He then gave nine reasons why Christians who were willing to have this distinct experience did not have it, and suggested remedies. These are

First-You may not have dealt with the giver, Christ. "And ye are complete in Him, which is the head of all principality and power"-Colossians i, ie. The soul must have a personal transaction

First-You may not have dealt with the giver. Christ. "And ye are complete in Him, which is the head of all principality and power"—Colossians ii. 16. The soul must have a personal transaction with Christ.

Second—You may be seeking the Holy Ghost from many motives. "But this spake He of the spirit which they that believe in Him should refuse for the Holy Ghost was control."—John vit. 29. You may say sechieve notoriety thereby. The only more warranted is that you may glorify Christ, and in the pulpit, on a bed of consumption or cancer, or about your home duties you may have an opportunity of living this blessed life. Are you willing to have that motive with these possibilities?

Third—Perhaps you are not fully cleansed. "Wherefore, laying aside al malice and all guile and hypocrisy, and envies and all evil speakings, as new-born babes, desire the sincere milk of the Word, that ye may grow thereby—I Peter ii, 12 You must cleanse yourselves up to the limit of your light, or you must be willing that Chris should cleanse you, which is the same thing of your light, or you must be willing that Chris should cleanse you, which is the same thing of your and the property of the limit of your and the property of the limit of your light, or you must be willing to the limit of your light, or you must be willing to the limit of your light, or you must be willing to the limit of your and the property of the limit of your light, or you must be willing to the limit of your and the soul of a man who he always eating.

Fourth—You may have the intellectual knowledge but are not willing to play the price. "And if any man trink that he knowed he appropriate the limit of your light are not willing to play the price." Branabas was willing, but it cost him his estate. Stephen was willing, but it cost him his life. Saul of Tarsus was willing, but it cost him his life. Saul of Tarsus was willing, but it cost him his life. Saul of Tarsus was willing, but it cost him his life. Saul of Christ Jesus my Lord, for whom I suffered the loss of al

Rev. Dr. C. I. Scoffeld, pastor of the Northfield Congregational Church, spoke upon "Kadesh Barnea," and the Rev. Mr. Morgan, of Birmingham, England, on "The Life of Christ Before His Public Ministry Began." This afternoon a meeting was held at Mount Hermon, across the Connecticut River, where Mr. Moody's school fr₂ boys is situated. Later a service was held in the cemetery where Mr. Moody's mother was buried last winter. Mr. Moody paid a touching tribute to the memory of his mother. Dr. A. T. Pierson followed with a similar tribute to his mother, who died not long ago at the age of ninety-four. Mrs. Moody was ninety-one. Dr. Meyer also spoke upon the influence of mothers, and Mr. Sankey sang "My Mother's Prayer." This evening Mr. Selwyn gave his farewell address, as he returns to England on Saturday. There was a large audience present, and a most impressive service was held.

CHRIST'S SECOND COMING.

CHRIST'S SECOND COMING. The Rev. Dr. James M. Gray, of Somerville, Mass., preached last evening on "The Second Coming of Christ." He said that he would not employ a single text, but refer to several in his desire to answer three or four questions ever coming up in

the minds of those who are considering the subject for the first time. He said:

the minds of those who are considering the subject for the first time. He said:

What is meant by the second coming of Christ? We who hold that doctrine in this conference mean by it just what the angels meant in their address to the wondering disciples on Mount Olivet, from whom their Lord had just ascended into the heavens—"This same Jesus, which is taken up from you into Heaven, shall so come in like manner as ye have seen Him go into Heaven—Acts i, 2. "This same Jesus", not His influence, not His spirit, not the progress or development of His church, not His kingdom in either a visible or invisible sense, but Himself—a declaration further corroborated by His own words. Matthew xxiv, 29-31, and the words of Hk inspired apostles, Acts iii, 19-21; 1 Thessalonians, iv, 16; Revelation, 1, 7. It would be a personal in the sense of a visible reappearing. The Greek words translated, "coming" "presence," "appearing," etc., all included the idea of a corporal presence that the eye could see. The circumstances attending His second coming make it far more probable as an event than those associated with His first coming.

When will the second coming be? Chronologically considered, we do not know. "The times and the seasons hath the Father put into his own hands." We are to watch, not knowing the hour—Matthew xxiv, 42; Acts i, 6-7; I Thessalonians, v, 1-2. There are those who have attempted to fix a date for His coming, but it has been in contravention of the Scriptures, and has brought disrepate upon the doctrine. For this reason many conservative men hesitate to accept the doctrine which would be such a benediction on their souls, do so much to unravel to them the mysteries of dispensational truth and ald them in preaching the Gospel to other souls.

BEGINNING OF THE MILLENNIUM.

BEGINNING OF THE MILLENNIUM.

But while the time cannot be known chrone events, especially that great event designated as after but prior to the millennium, and it is Christ's coming and that alone which will introduce the millennium and makes it a possibility. This was proven by the frequent use of the word "watch," which would be inconsistent with the other view; it was the clear teaching of all the parables of Christ, especially that of the nobleman in Luke xix, it was involved in Christ's comparison of the days of Noah with those of the coming of the Son of Man. Matthew xxiv, 37-38, and most strongly taught in Revelation and in Paul's second epistle to the Thessalonians at the second chapter. In the latter instance it was evident beyond a doubt that the mystery of injuity already working in Paul's day would continued to germinate and develop until at length it headed up in the anti-Christ who would be destroyed by the brightness of Christ's coming. There was, therefore, no room for a millennium between those two points of time. The last times that is the last times of the present age, would not be "good-times in the common acceptation of that term, but grievous times, it I Timothy, iii, 1. after but prior to the millennium, and it is Christ's

THREE CLASSES OF MANKIND.

In what would the second coming result? The word of inspiration divided all mankind into three "the Jews, the Gentiles and the Church of God" (I Corinthians, x, 32); and the coming had a distinct relation to each of these classes. Its relation to the Church was set forth in I Thess salonians, iv, 13 to the end of that chapter, its relation to the Gentiles in Matthew xxv, 31 to the end of that chapter, its relation to the Gentiles in Matthew xxv, 31 to the end of that chapter (the parable of the sheep and the goats), while its relation to the Jews was seen in Acts xv, 14-18. Romans xi, 2 etc., especially as read in the light of such Old Testament prophecies as are recorded in soel ili, and Zachariah xii. The Church is to be translated, caught up to meet the Lord in the air. The Gentile nations, chiefly those of the old Roman earth, are to be visited with desolating and separating judgments. The Jews are as a nation to be converted to Jesus as their Messiah and through them the Gospel to be preached in all the earth. In this age the Gospel is being preached as witness to all nations. Then it will be preached for their conversion. This is the time of the outgathering of the elect to form the Church or the bride of Christ, but that will be the time of the great ingathering, when at last men shall come to know the Lord from the least to the greatest and knowledge of the Lord shall cover the earth as the waters cover the ses.

VALUE OF THE DOCTRINE. a distinct relation to each of these classes. Its

VALUE OF THE DOCTRINE.

What is the practical value of this doctrine? What are the reasons for making it a working doctrine of the pulpit? This is answered in the first place by the large attention given to it in the New Testa-ment. Next to the doctrine of redemption through the blood of Christ, there is no doctrine so fre quently referred to as that of His second coming It is associated as a motive with almost every virtue England and Scotland and elsewhere in Great and grace laid as an obligation inpon the Christian and whose churches have been filled to 27; patience, James, v. 7; filelity, I Peter, to 57; patience. James, v. 7; fidelity, I Peter, v. 2 to 4, but especially personal holiness the experience so continually insisted upon in this conference. For this last see I John, iii. 1 to 3 "Every man that hath this hope in him purifieth himself even as He (Christ) is pure. It could be shown from experience and history, from other places in the Scripture and from the very philosophy of the case that the doctrine of the Lori's coming more than any other is intended to be, and actually is, productive of right living. Spurgeon, Müller, the Bonas, A. J. Gordon and others, holy men in comparison with many of their brethren, bore testimony to the value of this hope in their daily conduct. Heaven was an animating hope, but its locality is undefined, its in-habitants disembodied, and its happiness associated with the idea of rest. How different the hope of the Lori's coming in the clouds! On the earth! The saluts raised and glorified! Their holy activities begin in connection with the reign of Christ over this earth. These expectations meet the ambitions and desires not sinful in themselves and which God meant to gratify. What a motive to lead men to cry: res not shiftly in themselves to lead men to cry; gratify. What a motive to lead men to cry; Even so, come, Lord Jesus!" and to cause them so guard their hearts and lives that they might not ashanned before Him at His coming.

GUESTS AT THE LEADING HOTELS.

ALBEMARLE.
C. Fellows & wife, Moristown, N. J.
Mrs. H. W. Catherwood, Philadelphia.
Mrs. A. Tucker, Philadel
S. Mather & family, Cleve-Mrs. A. Tucker, Philadelphia.

W. B. Beecher & wife, Pitts
burg.

Mrs. C. Vieths, St. Louts.

BARTHOLDI.

J. Frank, Nashville, Tenn.
J. Frank, Nashville, Tenn.
W. E. S. Robbins, Waterbury,

Mrs. W. Wilney, Meriden, Conn.
Mrs. W. Whitney, Rochester.
C. Field, Chicago.
G. F. D. Palme, Boston.
W. E. Palmer, Bangor, Me.
W. J. Murphy, Phoenix, A.

Conn.
W. R. Emerson. Boston.
H. A. Phillips & wife.
Paterson, N. J.
MARLBOROUG

MARLBOROUGH. S. Mayer, Monroe, La.
A. J. Lang, Macon, Ga.
S. Comfort, Bombay, India,
J. McNally, Boston,
W. E. Howland, Denver,
A. A. Bently, Washington, BROADWAY CENTRAL Miller, Toronto.
J. Tinsley, Wilkesbarre,

Penn.

ii. Cochrane, Austin, Tex.

iii. B. Holf, Boston.

N. McCure, Atlanta.

C. Cloffey, Rochester.

E. S. McLaughlin, Provi METROPOLE. A. Barnet, Brockton, Mass.
A. Pidgeon, Troy.
Elder, New-York City.
K. Donglas, Chleago.
W. Bixler, New-London, Arker, Baltimore. M. Hunt, Charleston,

Thompson, Warnell, V. A. Wright, Chicago, W. S. Fredenburgh, Kings-burg, N. Y. A. E. Foster, Tuxedo.
The Rev. Myles W. Tobyn,
St. Leuis,
L. Smith, St. Leuis,
H. P. Nowell, Hoston,
G. E. Curtis, Toledo,
W. J. Neison, Boston, NORMANDIE.

S. Hrewer, Troy.
S. Leach, New York,
A. Finck & wife, Rhine-beck, N. Y.
E. S. Hidden, Short Hills,
N. J. GILSEY. STURTEVANT. N. Miller, Philadelphia.
T. W. Smith & wife, Huntington.
R. M. Morris & wife, Philadelphia.
B. L. Gilbert, New-York
City.
A. B. F. Kinney, Worcester,
Mass.

Mass.
L. P. Hoyt, Chicago,
A. G. Hancock, Chicago,
C. D. Barlow & wife, Boston.
G. K. Allen & wife, Boston.
G. K. Allen & wife, Sag
Harbor, Long Island.

Ferguson, Great Falls. VENDOMEA Mont
I. C. Harris, St. Leais.
C. Parrish, Wilkesbarre,
Penn.
Miss E. M. Parrish, Wilkesbarre, Penn.
Miss K. C. Parrish, Wilkesbarre, Penn.
W. J. McKenny, Brosklyn.
W. J. McKenny, Brosklyn.

GRAND.

Battle, Macon, Ga.
S. McCreary, Augusta.
Shelton, Grand RapMich.
Lufkin, New York,
Malley, Indianapolie,
Day, Baltimere,
Tower, Hoston.

WESTMINSTER.

E. R. Nash, Boston.

W. P. Johnston & son,
Harrisburg, Penn.
W. H. Conley, Pittsburg,
Miss M. A. Ruswinkle,
Pittsburg,
Miss T. J. Crawford, Pittsburg,
Surg.
W. J. Lewis, Scrapton,
Penn. WESTMINSTER. J. B. Battle, Macon, Ga. J. T. Oliphant, Macon, Ga. E. S. McCreary, Augusta,

WINDSOR. HOFFMAN. Fichter, Bethlehem, W. J. Bryan & wife, Lin-Penn.

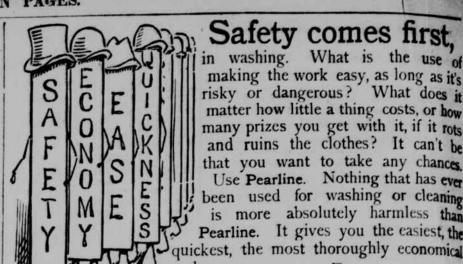
W. Goodwin, Philadetphia.

C. Munroe, Flogida.

H. Sawyer Pittsburg.
S. Pe Graff, Tonawanda.
N.Y.
E. Lyle, Baltimore.
Stein, Rochester.
G. Pollock & wife, Cincinnati.

W. H. Chspman, New-York.

ANOTHER GREENWICH-ST, FIRE VICTIM. George Kirke, sixty-two years old, the colored electrician, who was burned at the Greenwich-st. fire on Tuesday, died at the Hudson Street Hos-pital Wednesday afternoon.



making the work easy, as long as it's risky or dangerous? What does it matter how little a thing costs, or how many prizes you get with it, if it rots and ruins the clothes? It can't be that you want to take any chances

Use Pearline. Nothing that has ever been used for washing or cleaning is more absolutely harmless than Pearline. It gives you the easiest, the quickest, the most thoroughly economical

Willion Rearling

A FORMAL PROCEEDING-THE PROPERTY BID IN FOR THE REORGANIZA-TION COMMITTEE.

The copyrights, trademarks, franchises, assets, etc., of "The New-York Times" Publishing Company were sold at auction yesterday by William M. Ryan at the New-York Real Estate Salesroom No. 111 Broadway. The sale was a formal one, and was made upon the order of the Supreme Court, issued upon the report of Alfred Ely, as referee.

Spencer Trask, chairman of the Reorganization Committee, was present to represent that body and to bid in the paper if possible. Adolph S. "The Chattanooga Times who will be the publisher of the reorganized news paper, was also present. He is a stender, smooth faced man of some thirty-six years, apparently, and is all nerves and activity. Trask had the bidding all his own way.

He offered \$75,000 for the newspaper. There was no competitor. Mr. Ochs afterward said that he was prepared to run the bid up to \$1,000,000 if any other bidder had appeared. When the property was knocked down to Mr. Trask he said he would also take the book accounts, which amounted to \$63,000, privilege accorded by the terms of sale. By these terms the usual per cent is to be paid down, and within five days after the confirmation of the sale a total amount of not less than \$75,000 is to be paid in:

After the sale Mr. Ochs said: "The sale was a mere matter of form. Mr. Trask, as chairman, represented the Reorganization Committee. Every one of the old stockholders has assented to the plan of reorganization. There is complete har mony, therefore, of all interests, I expect that the sale will be confirmed early next week, prob ably Monday, and I shall then at once assum duties as publisher of the paper. Charles R. Mil

duties as publisher of the paper. Charles R. Miller will remain the editor. The paper will be independent Democratic in politics."

Under the bian 1500,000 in bonds will be issued to
take care of the obligations of the old company.
There will be \$1,000,000 stock issued, a majority of
which Mr. Oehs will hold personally, and that
vests him with the full and individual control of
the property. The articles of incorporation of the
new company will be filed as soon as the sale is
confirmed. There will be a board of five directors.
Mr. Trask and Mr. Oehs will be two of these.
The other three will be stockholders of the old
company.

Names of holders. Address. No. of sh	ares
Names of holders. Address. No. of sh John G Agar No. 29 Nassau-st	25
George C. Allen. No. 310 Produce Exchange Louis V. Bell. No. 80 Broadway E. C. Benedlet. No. 23 Broad-at	- 2
Louis V. Bell No. 80 Broadway	10
House P. Bendroon No. 111 Broadway	12
Course F Frown	25
Henry R. Beekman. No. 111 Broadway Goorge F. Brown. Wm. Nelson Cromwell. No. 45 Wall st. Eliward Cary	3
Edward Cary "The New York Times" office.	25
Providence, E. I	10
Charles R. Crane No. 104 Auditorium, Chicago.,	25
R. L. Cutting No. 19 William st. William H. Donogh The New York Times' office.	23
Julien T. Davies United States Mortgage Com-	2
pany. No. 50 Codur at	50
Constant I belong Fighteen blesses Charges at at	20
Charles R. Film: No. 66 Broad st. Marcellus Hartley No. 313 Broadway A. A. Heavy No. 88 Gold-st.	49
Marcellus Hartley No. 313 Broadway	50
A. A. Heavy No. 88 Gold-at	1.12
James J. Hill Care E. T. Nichols, No. 40	-
M D Molling & Co Wall and Broad ats	23
Charles F. Haistead No. 54 William-st.	25
H. B. Hollins & Co. Wall and Broad sts Charles F. Haistead. No. 54 William st. William M. Ivins. No. 52 Nassau et George Kemp. No. 68 William st.	320
George Kemp No. 68 William st	234
Gustav E. Kissel So. D4 Wall-st	154
D. H. King, Jr No. 30 Will St	100
Mahlon C Martin New-Brunswick N 1	5
Porles Macdonald No. 1 Broadway	250
George Kenne No. 68 William st. Gustav E. Kissel No. 54 Wall-st. D. H. King, Jr. No. 35 Wall-st. Prank Lowrey No. 3 Broad at. Mahlon C. Martin. New Brunswick, N. J. Charles Macdonald No. 1 Broadway J. T. Mills, Jr. Chase National Bank John E. Mungan. No. 306 Macon-st. Brooklyn.	- 5
John E. Mungan No. 306 Macon at Brooklyn	49000
Charles R. Miller. The New York Times' office. L. K. McClymonds. Nos. 13 and 15 Park Row. David B. Ogden. No. 111 Broadway.	1,75
L. K. McClymonds Non. 13 and 15 Park Row	SU
David B. Ogden No. 111 Broadway	4
Thomas L. Ogden	10
Dennis in Root The New York Theman't office	10
Frank D. Root 'The New York Times' office. H. G. Runkle No. 15 Wall et	2
12 I amida Status Mills Building	5
Jacob H Schiff No. 80 Cedar st R A C Smith No. 15 Wall st	25
R. A. C. Smith No. 15 Wall st	2
Honey I. Shrague Mills Building	- 5
Edw. M. Shepard. No. 111 Broadway. Mathilde Sterne. Care Simon Sterne, No. 50	5
Beaver st.	
H. F. Shoemaker President Dayton and Union	- 5
R R No So Designation	5
C. E. Sulrinev No. 20 Change at De Man	()
Henry A. Taylor No. 11 West 46th st. John P. Townsend Bowery Savings Bank	-5
John P. Townsend Bowery Savings Bank	2
Alanson Trask No. 10 Wall st	29
John H. Taylor No. 80 Broadway	- 5
Alanson trass No. 10 Wall st John H. Taylor. No. 80 Broadway F. P. Voorhees No. 330 West 23d-st. C. F. Watson South Orange, N. J. H. Walter Webb. Grand Central Station.	1
H. Walter Webb Grand Central Station	10
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第二個科学的第二 報告報告を必要	10
W D Wheelwright No 82 Wall at	25
W. A. & A. M. White . No. 130 Water st. John B. Woodward . No. 130 Water st	20)
John H. Woodward No. 130 Water-st	25
M. D. Woodford	5
John M. World No. to Broad St	-

Total ... 9.56 Fifty-nine atockholders—9.960 shares, \$966,000, out tanding April 30, 1856.

ARRESTED FOR STOPPING A CAR.

Thomas Collins, forty years old, of No. 25 Thirdarrested about it o'clock Wednesday night in front of the Hotel Bartholdi, Broadway and Twenty-third-st., by Sergeant Charles O. Sheldon, of the Yorkville Court squad. Mr. Bryan was speaking from the hotel balcony. Sergeant Sheldon, with a detail, was there to preserve order. A Lexingtoneve cable-car turned out of Broadway into Twenty third-st. Collins jumped upon the front fender and shouted to the crowd: "Stop this car!" Several shouted to the crowd: "Stop this car!" Several excited persons sprang upon the platform and seized the gripman, who was compelled to stop his car. Great excitement prevailed.

The sergeant, fearing a riot, ordered his men to disperse the crowd. All went away but Collins. He stood his ground and uttered threats and abuse The sergeant, personally, made him a prisoner. At the station. Mr. Van Cott bailed him. Yesterday morning, on hearing the sergeant's version of the story, the ex-postmaster left court, saying, "Collins can fight his own battles." Magistrate Kudlich fined the defendant \$5. He said he stopped the car to save the lives of the people on the tracks. Sheldon said there was no danger.

SHOT AT APPLE-THIEVES.

Herman Logus, eighteen years old, a gardener employed by Mrs. G. W. Stub, of West Farms Road and Home-st., was arraigned in the Morris-ania Court yesterday, charged with shooting Anst, and Washington-ave., with a rifle on July 29. McCegney and a number of his companions were stealing apples from Mrs. Stub's orchard, when Logus fired at them with a rifle and wounded Mc-Cegney in the right leg. Logus was arrested by Cegney in the right leg. Logus was arrested by Patrolman McGarry, of the Tremont Police Station, and McCegney was taken to Fordham Hospital. Logus, in his testimony yesterday morning, said that he shot at the boys at Mrs. Stub's orders, and was supported by Patrolman McGarry, who said that Mrs. Stub had so stated to him. Mrs. Stub denied this, however. McCegney did not desire to press the charge, and Logus, upon his own statement that he had not fired to kill, was discharged.

FOREIGN HOTEL ARRIVALS. The Savoy, London-J. Franke, L. Marshall, Dr.

S. H. Carney, C. H. Southworth, C. E. Sands, A. D. Juilliard and family, J. H. Hammond and family, E. Hopkins, J. A. Bostwick and family, Mrs. Morell, Mrs. C. B. Stockwell, Mrs. E. C. Harman, C. F. Harman, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Spitzer, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Gerrish, G. C. Dodge and family, Mrs. Moir, Miss Bentto, C. H. Dodge, C. A. Ellis, G. L. Forman, W. H. Libby, C. Donnelly and family, M. E. Vinton, S. J. White and family, Miss Human, J. G. Fellensbee and Mr. and Mrs. H. Sidenburg. FUNERAL OF EDWARD MAY.

The funeral of Edward May took place yesterday

The hall was draped in black. There were pres delivered by H. S. Cillis, vice-president of the May and Mrs. May and their daughter. The pall-bearers were Charles Foster, William Foster, H. R. Scharman, H. Lueledler, William Crelan and Robert Kamerer. The choral organization con-nected with the Liederkranz sang several appro-priate hymns. The burial was at Woodlawn Cem-etery. Liederkranz. Among the mourners were Juliu

SALE OF "THE NEW YORK TIMES." Flint's Fine Furniture.

Attractions by the score, any below factory prices.

A CHILD ACTRESS ARRESTED.

SHE DECLARES THAT HER ENEMIES INSTIGATED A FALSE CHARGE AGAINST HER.

Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday Rass Riger, sixteen years old, whose parents live at with friends at No. 322 East Thirteenth-st. Agree said that on Wednesday the Gerry Society received word that a girl under sixteen years old, under the name of Bonnie Cameron, was giving songs and dances at Ciarendon Music Hall, in Thirt near Fourth-ave. He went to the music hall and saw the prisoner sing and dance, and arrested her although she declared that she was over sixteen

years old.

The girl, who was very pretty, told Magistra. Brann that some enemies of hers had brought about her arrest. She said she was over sixten years old, and that she did hady character sketches, negro sketches and fancy dances. She was to have signed a contract with the manager of the Casino Hoof Garden, and her arrest had prevented her doing so.

Magistrate Brann remanded the little actress to the care of the Gerry society until to-day, by which time the society will have investigated her story.

BITTEN BY A MAD DOG.

TWO CHILDREN WOUNDED BY A RABID CUR IN YORKVILLE.

A dog that was undoubtedly rabid can wildly through the streets of Yorkville yesterday morning, and before his run was ended by a policeman's bullet bit two little children. The dog, which was brown and of medium size, first appeared about ; o'clock at Avenue A and Eighty-third-st. The animal was foaming at the mouth and yelping and moved as if weak in the forelegs. He first charged on a lot of children who were playing on the corner and scattered them in all direction Fortunately, all escaped being bitten, and one of them ran down the avenue and informed Police man Richard H. Walsh, who was standing at Eighty-second-st. and Avenue A.

Meantime the dog ran up Eighty-third-st. tow-ards First-ave., and the officer started in quick pursuit. Sitting on the stoop of No. 42 East Eighty-third-st. with a number of other children was Minnie Miller, thirteen years old, who lives in that house. The dog ran upon the stoop, seized

in that house. The dog ran upon the stoop, seized Minnie's right hand in his teeth and badly lacerated it. The little girl tore her hand loose from the animal, which ran up the street to First-ave, with the officer rapidly overtaking him.

Turning the corner of First-ave, a short distance ahead of the officer, the dog charged into a crowd of boys who were playing on the sidewalk and seized Joseph Eger, ten years old of No. 1.69 First-ave, by the right leg, sinking his teeth deeply into the child's tender flesh.

The dog was about to attack other children when the officer came upon the scene and killed him with one shot from his revolver.

The bitten children, who were terribly frightened, were hurried to the drug store at Eighty-third-st and First-ave, where their wounds were cauterized, and then they were taken home. It is the intention of their parents to make arrangements to have them treated at the Pasteur Institute. After the dog was killed the officer found on the chain about his neck license tag No. 2.3%, and the parents of the children intend to find the owner of the dog, and if possible make him pay well for the damage done.

SERVING BOGUS SUBPOENAS.

Some thrifty person has started in to make money by serving bogus subpoenas on busy men to appear in the General Sessions Court, and then offering to let them off for money. It is the revival of an ld swindle, and detectives are now on the lookout for the swindlers. Assistant District-Attorney George Gordon Battle has one of the fake subpoenas in his possession, and is making an investigation. Yesterday a messenger called at the clerk's office with a doctor's certificate stating that Thomas Brett, of One-hundred-and-twentieth'st. and Second-ave., was too ill to attend court. The subpoena called for his attendance before "Judge

subpoena called for his attendance before "Judge Rufus J. Cowing, in Part II, General Sessions."
Judge Cowing's middle initial is B., and he is sitting in Part I, and not Part II. The whole thing was a forgery.

A report was made to Mr. Battle that a man called on a business man on Wednesday and served a subpoena on him, and then offered to excuse him for \$5. He did not get the money.

The blank forms for the bogus subpoenas were probably bought at the printer's. They could easily be obtained by lawyers or lawyers' clerks in the civil courts.

CRUSHED BY HIS WAGON.

Albert Sheap, a driver for the Knickerbocker Ice Company, died at St. Vincent's Hospital yesterday afternoon from injuries which he received last Tuesday at the company's factory, in Bank-st. Sheap had loaded his wagon with ice, and in starting the horses the wagon rolled backward, catching him between it and the platform from which the ice was loaded.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

Appellate Division—Supreme Court—Recess.
Supreme Court—Special Torm—Part 1—Before Smyth.
Supreme Court—Special Torm—Part 1—Before Smyth.
J—No. 1, matter of Thaintensesinger, No. 2, Schanger and
J—No. 1, matter of Thaintensesinger, No. 2, Schanger and
A Rogets agt. Third Avenue Radboad Company, No. 4.
Rossiter agt. Marshall Basin Mining Company, No. 6.
Rossiter agt. Marshall Basin Mining Company, No. 6.
Rossiter agt. Landgrebe, No. 7, Tordan agt. Jordal,
No. 8, Baster of East Side Bank, No. 9, matter of Candal,
No. 10, Breen agt. Lenn's, No. 11, While's agt. Wingrai,
No. 12, Byrne agt. Byrne, No. 13, matter of American
Confection and Cands Company, No. 1, Kennet agt.
Hopkins; No. 15, matter of Weber Fluore Company, No.
16, Boessneck agt. Tamsen, No. 17, souer agt. Mayor,
ct., No. 18, Tucker agt. Moon, No. 10, matter of Davidcon Sons' Martile Company, No. 20, ill-minit agt. Signal
Iron Company, No. 21, matter of Goodpear Mechanical
Iron Company, No. 21, Matter of Goodpear Mechanical
Iron Company, No. 27, Lazard agt. Resemb. No.
22, Schilter agt. Schilter, No. 23, Sached agt. Sign. No.
23, Schilter agt. Schilter, No. 25, Sached agt. Sign.
No. 36, Guenthiner agt. Crosher ag. Price No.
38, No. 32, Wostern agt. Christie, No. 38, Schuck agt. Schiker,
No. 32, Wostern agt. Christie, No. 38, Schuck agt. Schiker,
No. 36, Guenthiner agt. Crosher, No. 37, Carthert
agt. Hutchins, No. 38, Molifen agt. Hotchins, No. 38, Honder agt. Special
Iron Company, No. 41, Bepartment of BuildLowerre agt. Mayor, etc., No. 44, Department of Buildlongs agt. Spotoco.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Before O'Dwyer, J.—Court
opens at 10:30 a. m.
City Court—Special Term—Before O'Dwyer, J.—Court
opens at 10:30 a. m.
City Court—Special Term—Before O'Dwyer, J.—Court
opens at 10:30 a. m.
City Court—Special Term—Before O'Dwyer, J.—Court
opens at 10:30 a. m.
City Court—Special Term—Before O'Dwyer, J.—Court
opens at 10:30 a. m.
City Court—Special Term—Before O'Dwyer, J.—Court
opens at 10:30 a. m.
City Court—Special Term—Before O'Dwyer, J.—Court
opens

REFEREES APPOINTED.

Supreme Court. Hy Stover, J.
Middlebrook agt. Knapp-Byron Traver,
Watkins agt. Weiling-S. L. H. Ward By Smyth, J.

People, etc., agt. American Steam Roder Insurand ompany John E. Ward. People, etc., agt. Harlem River Bank—Isaac I. Miles. Matter of East Side Bank—Joseph J. Berry. RECEIVERS APPOINTED. Supreme Court

By Stover, J. Samuel F. Myers agt. Marcus A. Myers et al. Louis John Rau agt. Alban R. Murphy-Joseph M. Williams. By Smyth, J. Matter of Home Tablet Company - Louis H. Lehmaler. Herman G. Loew agt. Frederick Kuhule Joseph C

European Advertisements.

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